

Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T. TUESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2409.

AN ISLAND FOR SALE

What Lanai Has to Offer the Buyer.

WHEN on Saturday there is offered for sale in front of Aliolani Hale the portions of the island of Lanai which constituted the undivided two-thirds interest of the estate of the late Walter Murray Gibson, there will be before investors one of the most alluring propositions, perhaps, ever offered in Hawaii, one which may be counted from every side a favorable purchase.

In no more than two or three instances in the Territory have the men of means taken to building up for themselves estates, where there is offered every opportunity for rest and recreation, as well as pursuits which furnish mental invigoration. In this respect the Parker estate and the Moanalu holdings are almost apart, and yet in the entire Pacific ocean there is not such an opportunity for a fine home-stand as is offered in Lanai. While the fee lands comprise but a modest part of the whole island the other holdings are such that a majority of the acreage may be consolidated without much difficulty. Once this done there would be in the possession of the fortunate holder something which would appeal to both the material and artistic side of the lord of the Jemese.

Rolling lands, without sheer cliffs and great gulches, comprise the ranges, on which now feed 18,000 sheep, 250 head of cattle and almost the same number of horses. This is capable of such increase in the opinion of experts that within five years there would be a return of not less than \$100,000 a year from the stock alone. There is no range in the entire Territory so well grassed for there is scarcely a single plant of lantana on the island. Water in plenty can be had and the absence of neighbors with brands, which makes it impossible that there may be any mixing or mavericks appeals forcibly to the cattle grazer, while wild dogs being unknown there is no loss from four-footed thieves.

So much for the business end of the investment, the pleasurable side of the ownership of such an estate is a thing of even greater prominence. At an elevation of 1800 feet is the ranch house, looking to the sea, where the cool breezes fan the tired one and the mosquito has never penetrated. Surrounding it is a grove of trees and there is quite a variety of fruit on the island—orange, lemons, limes, figs, papayas, mangoes and peaches, while berries and small fruits would undoubtedly thrive—and furnish delights for the eye and palate.

Over the hills, too, roam herds of wild goats and numbers of wild boars and in the underbrush nest quail and pheasants, all possible there because the gopher and mongoose has not yet made his appearance and by care may be kept away for all time. Hunting is there, true pleasure, for the hills are never precipitous, the runs are well known and riding is more easy than on any other ranch in the islands.

While the present business portion of the proposition rests on the presence of herds, there is on the windward side of the island no lack of vegetable growth and should the price of sugar warrant a good plant could be created. There grows wild, a species of sisal which furnishes a fibre for which a substantial offer has been made by eastern cordage manufacturers. Then too around each cabin door grows sugar cane, without irrigation, which rivals some of the best product of Maui.

Taken altogether there is in Lanai great possibilities, something on every side, which promises much for the investor, be he grazer, rancher, farmer, hunter or tired man in search of a home away from turmoil and trouble of every day life.

KAUAI DELEGATES

Returns from Sixth District Received by Republican Committee.

The following are the precinct returns from the island of Kauai, showing the result of the recent primary elections:

Sixth District, Seventh Precinct. Keahe T. F. Sanborn for Territorial convention, Prince L. Tople for district committee.

Eighth Precinct, Kilauea, Isaac M. Cox for committee and convention.

Ninth Precinct, Hanalei, William Warner for committee and convention. Second Precinct, Kekaha, Eric A. Knudsen for Territorial convention; no returns for district committee.

The following are the officers elected by the club:

Chairman—John H. Coney of Lihue. Vice Chairman—Prince L. Tople of Keala. Secretary—M. Rosenblatt of Waimae. Treasurer—C. A. Rice of Lihue.

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WEEK



KING EDWARD'S CORONATION

NEW YORK, July 26.—A cable to the Sun from London says: It is stated that the coronation service at Westminster Abbey, on August 9th, will last precisely one and one-half hours. The programme has been reluctantly curtailed in regard to the service, and passages charged with literary, religious and historic significance have been blue-penciled. The Bishop of Winchester today visited the King on his yacht to submit the result of the labors of the committee on condensation.

LONDON, July 26.—The latest and most reliable information indicates that the King's doctors were not mistaken in fixing August 9th as the date upon which his majesty could be crowned. The sinister rumors which have pervaded all classes for the last few days now appear to have lost that semblance of probability which made even the members of the Cabinet nervous lest another postponement of the coronation might be necessitated.

The apprehension that King Edward would be unable to stand the strain of the coronation ceremony has been greatly lessened by the announcement that his majesty is now permitted to use his feet, and with the aid of a stick, has done a little walking. Another late telegram from Cowes, saying that nearly all the restrictions upon the King's diet have been withdrawn, has been welcomed as evidence that the recent ominous deductions were drawn without due allowance for the doctors' extreme cautiousness.

While the King was testing his ability to walk two jockies stood at his side. After this experiment, which boded well for his fulfilling the necessary coronation functions at Westminster Abbey, King Edward sat smoking on the deck of the royal yacht and watched the races of the small yachts off Cowes. Those who drew inferences from the fact that the invitations to Westminster Abbey were not dated have had their fears dissipated by a proclamation published in the Gazette to-night, fixing August 9th as the date for the coronation, which postdates and is altogether more important than anything which might or might not have appeared upon the cards of invitation.

According to the present arrangements, King Edward and Queen Alexandra will leave Cowes either on the 7th or 8th of August for Buckingham Palace, and will return to the royal yacht August 15th, when the entire fleet will pass before King Edward and salute him, thus making a second naval review. After his return to the yacht the King is expected to take an extended cruise to the northward, and subsequently to spend some weeks at Balmoral, where preparations for the arrival of their majesties have already been commenced.

Sir Joseph C. Dimdale, Lord Mayor of London, expects King Edward to visit the City of London the week ending October 11th, when a great luncheon will be held in the Guildhall, which is to be followed by a royal procession through the south of London. All these plans may not be carried out to the letter, but their arrangement, combined with the emphatic optimism of the King's physicians, is generally taken as assuring, so far as human foresight can be relied upon, the King's coronation for August 9th.

FIERCE FIGHT AT PANAMA

PANAMA, Aug. 1.—The peace commissioners who left here July 25th on the British steamer Cana to visit the revolutionary General, Herrera, near Agua Dulce, returned to Panama at noon today. They stated that they were unable to fulfill their mission because a very severe engagement between Herrera's forces and the Government troops had been in progress since Tuesday, July 29th, when the revolutionary forces began to attack Agua Dulce.

At 5 o'clock Thursday morning the best battalions of the revolutionary forces attacked the Government intrenchment with fierce courage. The slaughter of the revolutionists is said to have been excessive and barbarous. That same afternoon a white flag was raised in their camp and they asked for an armistice during which they could bury their dead. This was granted. The losses of the rebels up to Wednesday, July 30th, were reported at over 200, while the Government forces had had eight men killed and eleven wounded. General Moreno, one of the peace commissioners who returned today, says the intrenchments at Agua Dulce are masterpieces of military art.

At the expiration of the time of the armistice the engagement recommenced with the same fierceness. Nine Government battalions which had not taken part in the fight were still being held in reserve last night.

LETTER TO ROSEHILL. He Will Get It by a Japanese Naval Captain.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A cablegram received at the State Department from Minister Buck at Tokio says that the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs informed him that a Japanese naval vessel would leave yesterday for Marcus Island. The purpose of her going is not to make trouble, but to prevent it. An official of the Foreign Office was to go on the vessel and he would carry a letter to Captain Rosehill calling on the State Department here to Minister Buck, advising the captain to make any disturbance or to resort to violence to obtain possession of the island, with possible loss of life and involving international complications. If the captain would observe this advice, the department said, for its part it would endeavor to settle the claim to Marcus Island diplomatically.

Captain Rosehill is reported to have sailed from Honolulu for Marcus Island in a schooner July 11th, and it is therefore probable that he already is at Marcus Island, or very near there. The letter may come into his hands too late to avert the trouble, but the department officials are hoping for the best.

Warfare on Mosquitoes.

NEW YORK, August 2.—President Leduc, of the Health Board, has decided to wage systematic and scientific warfare against mosquitoes. He will assign seventeen inspectors to go over all the territory in the malaria districts of Greater New York. They will make maps of ponds and indicate wherever there is a pool of stagnant water. Twenty-five barrels of oil will be placed on the water in Central Park.

through the Abbey will be conducted without deviation from the original line. The stalls and seats assigned to the Princes and special emissaries will be occupied by members of the Government and high officials of the civil service who were previously crowded out.

COWES, Aug. 2.—King Edward spent most of the day on the deck of the Victoria and Albert. Several distinguished visitors were received in audience this afternoon. His Majesty appeared to be in good health and spirits.

BLOODSHED AT SHENANDOAH

HARRISBURG (Pa.), July 30.—As the result of a riot at Shenandoah tonight, in which three or four persons were killed and many wounded, Governor Stone has ordered the Eighth and Twelfth Regiments and the Governor's troop N. G. P. to proceed immediately to Shenandoah. It is expected that all the troops, 150, will be on the ground by daybreak.

The following message was received from the Sheriff: "Pottsville (Pa.) July 30.—Bloodshed and riot in this county; property destroyed; citizens killed and injured. Situation beyond my control. Troops should be sent to Shenandoah immediately."

"S. ROWLAND BEDDALL, Sheriff." Governor Stone started for Harrisburg at 8 o'clock tonight.

YOHE AND STRONG.

New Phases of the Celebrated International Scandal.

LONDON, August 1.—May Yohe is here making unsuccessful efforts to find Capt. Strong, who is in communication with her but will not tell his whereabouts.

NEW YORK, July 25.—It is the general impression in this city that not one of May Yohe's diamonds was stolen, and that not one was pawned without the consent of the owner. Right or wrong, the belief is growing that when their funds got low Strong and Miss Yohe arranged to force money from the young man's mother.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—May Yohe this morning called on the police to ask them to help her find Putnam Bradley Strong, but Scotland Yard declined to have anything to do with the matter as she had preferred no charge against Strong. Miss Yohe then made all arrangements to take the 2:30 train for Paris, but abandoned the idea at the last moment.

Paper From Sugar Refuse.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—Twenty-three sacks of chaff, or refuse of cane after the sugar has been extracted, was brought from Hilo by the bark Santiago, and will be shipped east to be used in an experiment for paper manufacture. Thousands of tons of the chaff are burned and otherwise destroyed on the sugar plantations, but observing men believe it can be successfully utilized in making paper. If this belief is confirmed, a new and very important industry will have been discovered, promising rich returns for the planters.

The profits will not, however, be all on the side of the producers, for any paper-making firm that found the chaff practicable for use could no doubt procure whole cargoes by contract at reasonable prices, and the product would be available almost constantly.

Commenting on the above, the Chronicle says: "The Hawaiian sugar-makers are under the impression that the remains of the cane after it has the saccharine matter extracted from it will make excellent paper stock. In Nebraska experiments are being made with fiber of cornstalks, and it is also believed that the cactus which grows so abundantly on the Arizona deserts will be utilized one day for paper-making. With such supplies of raw material in sight we need not feel apprehensive that the art of printing will ever become obsolete for the want of paper."

Perils of the Rail.

CALCUTTA, August 2.—A mixed railway train was derailed near Merut yesterday. Sixteen natives were killed and thirty natives and Europeans were injured.

VISITING STATESMEN

They Are Coming For Business Now.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—Another junket to Hawaii will fill in the summer solstice for a number of national legislators—senators this time. That elastic fund known as "the contingent fund of the senate" is to foot the bill. There was a meeting the other day, attended by those members of the committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico who are in the city, and it was decided that Senators Mitchell of Oregon, Burton of Kansas, Foster of Washington and Blackburn of Kentucky should go. They will leave on the City of Peking, sailing from San Francisco on August 26, and will remain in the islands about a month.

Two or three years ago there was a trip to Hawaii for the purpose of investigating the weighty affairs of the little islands. That time it was a house committee. Uncle Joe Cannon and Berry of Kentucky were the heroes of that journey. They went on the theory that "when you are in Rome you must make it howl." They lived like Hawaiians, squatted about a calabash and scooped up the succulent poi with their fingers, wore leis about their manly shoulders and more lest around their sombreros, and learned to say "aloha" at meeting, parting and between times. So far as the history of the junket records that was about the extent of the investigation made by the house committee. It is true there were piquant pictures of hula-hula girls circulated rubrosa in the cloakrooms, but that was something unofficial.

The grave and reverend senators who represent Kentucky, Oregon, Kansas and Washington are going to Hawaii imbued with sterner resolves. Officially they know nothing of hula-hula dancing. Not for them the toothsome poi, the lightsome leis and soft-accented alohas of greeting and farewell! Theirs is the stern investigation of irrigation problems, crown lands and harbor improvements.

Though the contingent fund of the senate were twice as elastic and mysterious as it is, not one of the senators upon whose shoulders is shifted the responsibility of visiting Hawaii would think of engraving upon the fund any item not strictly in accordance with the traditions of the senate. The public may rest assured that there will be no items like this: "Poi and trimmings for party and friends, \$175," or "Exclusive use of Waikiki beach, party and friends, with champagne afterthoughts, \$250." Every item, it is safe to say, will pass muster before the committee to audit and control the contingent expenses of the senate. This committee is composed of stern-eyed men like John P. Jones of Nevada, John Keane of New Jersey, Hernando DeSoto Money of Mississippi and Thos. M. Patterson of Colorado.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

WILL GIVE UP THE HILO HOTEL

W. C. Peacock & Company Will Not Renew the Lease.

With the closing of the lease upon the Hilo hotel, which expires the middle of the month, W. C. Peacock & Company will cease to operate that hostelry. The hotel has not proved a profitable investment and the simultaneous expiration of the lease and the license makes it wise for the firm to close out its interests, which include the furnishings. The furniture has been offered for sale and will be disposed of at the hotel, August 15th. It is understood that a syndicate stands ready to take over the hotel and has tried to purchase the furnishings at a figure much below the valuation put on them by the present owners. It is said that Robert Scott, formerly of the Hawaiian hotel here, and more recently of the Hilo hotel, is at the head of the company, and will be the manager of the hotel. In case the furniture is not bought the hotel will be furnished new, the estimated cost being in the region of \$7000.

Samoa Martyrs.

The heroism of the sailors and marines of the American and British navies who met death in the Samoan uprising in 1899 was commemorated yesterday by the unveiling of a handsome mural memorial tablet in the little chapel of the naval station at Mare Island. Officers of the United States navy and the marine corps and civil functionaries of the British government participated in the ceremony, giving it somewhat of an international character, and coupled with fearful tribute to the heroism of the dead was much of heartfelt praise for the bravery of the living and mutual congratulation that such good feeling between the two navies and the two countries exists.—San Francisco Call.

EIGHT ARE IMPLICATED

Coroner's Verdict On Murder in Hilo.

HILO, Friday, August 8.—The coroner's jury in the case of Kitano, the Japanese who was found dead with his throat cut, has returned a verdict implicating six others, two of them women, as accessories before the fact. On the jury impaneled by Sheriff Andrews were L. M. Whitehouse, J. D. Easton and four Japs, S. Sato, T. Machida, Y. Hamada and T. Ikeda. They found that Motohiro Kitano came to his death by being stabbed in the neck with a knife and that the said deceased was murdered by Watanabe Masaji and Fumakoshi Tatsugoro, and that Seo Ichitaro, Taka Sato (w), Kane Fumakoshi (w), Ushijima Masataro, Hayashi Tetsu, Kobataki Toyotichi, and other persons unknown to the jury are accessories before the fact.

The two principals were brought before Magistrate Hara on Tuesday for arraignment and upon motion of the defendants' attorneys, a continuance was granted for three days for consultation with the prisoners.

The defendants in the case are alleged to have come here only recently from Iwale.

BIG RUSH FOR LAND.

Nearly three thousand acres were allotted as homesteads in the Puna and Oahu districts by Land Agent Baldwin this week. There was a big rush for the government lands, one man taking a place three days before at the door to the office, which position he afterwards sold for \$250 cash. On Saturday evening preceding the Monday sale people began to camp on the street, and when the doors were opened the line was several blocks in length. The highest price asked was twelve dollars per acre. Some of the land offered was of an inferior quality. Most of the land offered was taken by Hawaiians and others who had asked to have it thrown open.

OLDEST MAN IN THE ISLANDS.

The Hilo Tribune says: "Probably the oldest inhabitant of the Hawaiian Islands died at his home near Waimea week before last. This venerable Hawaiian was Kakauiia, and competent authority figures his age at the time of his death at 118 years. Kakauiia was a splendid specimen of Hawaiian manhood. He was physically modeled on Herulean proportions and a life of abstemious habits served to preserve his wonderful strength to far past the century mark.

Not a year ago, Kakauiia was able to look after his patch of potatoes, hoeing and planting his little field without physical discomfort. His death was not due to any specific disease, but was a painless suspension of the functions of life. The deceased was the father of eighteen children.

His age is computed by Sam Pua, the attorney at Waimea. The deceased remembered certain historic occurrences in the life of Kamehameha I, which are the basis of arriving at the date of his birth. He could relate with graphic detail the story of the building of the dam by the first king's army across the river Iao on Maui.

The deceased confidant was made a church deacon by Mr. Lyons, one of the earliest missionaries, and he retained his interest in church matters to the time of his death."

THE ELECTIONS.

Polls opened for the primary election of delegates to the Territorial Convention and District Committee at 2 p. m. last Saturday. In some of the precincts there were no contests; the clubs nominating only the number to be sent. In Hilo there were more than the required number but the voting was slow. During the six hours' time when the polls were open in Hilo 112 persons cast their ballots and this out of a club membership of 185. During the same time Olau voted 103 out of 112 members.

There was comparatively little interest taken in the election in Hilo, considering the fact that there were more nominees than there were to be delegates. The Portuguese more than any other nationality showed a desire to elect their favorites. The result of the election was as follows:

For delegates to Territorial Convention: Peck, 109; McKenney, 88; Guard, 77. For District Committee: Peck, 109; McKenney, 88; Guard, 77.

In Olau the result was: For delegate to Territorial Convention: G. W. Paty, 84. For District Committee: J. F. Clay, A. L. Williams, T. Wicks. After the election in Olau the club held a meeting at which several members contributed toward the entertainment of the others.

APPEAL FROM LITTLE.

Judge Little admitted to probate the will of the late C. E. Richardson over which there has been a contest by Mrs. Mattie Wakefield. The appeal from the decision of the court is to a jury, and will be heard at the January term. Pending the appeal the three executors are appointed temporary administrators.

CIVILIANS BEAT SOLDIERS.

Last Saturday at the rifle range the Hilo Gun Club scored a victory over the marksmen of Company D. The civilians were to the good only half a dozen points but this was enough to call for a new challenge from the soldiers for another match.

The score last Sunday was as follows:

NEW BISHOP ARRIVES

Head of the Episcopal Church Is Here.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Welcomed at sea by representatives of the Church and of the order of Elias in which he has long been an officer, the Right Reverend H. B. Restarick arrived yesterday to take up his labors as Bishop of the district of Honolulu. After a sea trip which furnished rest and relaxation after the labors of breaking ties which had lasted for years the new Bishop first saw his future home under circumstances which gave him pleasurable anticipations and his first day in the city did much to confirm him in the opinion formed.

When the Port had been given practice E. Tenney Peck and Wray Taylor, representing the Cathedral congregation, went aboard from their launch and H. W. Lake, F. M. Brooks, Capt. Renne and Fred West from the tug which bore aloft the pennant of the Elks had met the ship away outside and shouted the fraternal aloha across the waters. Flowers for the ladies of the party were given the most hearty welcome to Hawaii. On the dock there were waiting delegations of church and lodge folk all of whom were presented and an informal reception was held. The party then went to the Hawaiian hotel where the bishop will reside for the present.

In the party are Mrs. Restarick and the three children, Misses Constance and Margaret and Master Arthur; Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Fyler, Mr. Fyler having been for ten years clerk at St. Paul's priory at San Diego and recently secretary to the Bishop, the Rev. Arthur Evans, rector of the Church of the Ascension at Los Angeles, who with his wife comes for a month's stay; Deaconess Drant and Mrs. L. F. Folson, Miss Charlotte Taggart and Miss Evelyn Wile, who will work in the priory here.

Bishop Restarick was taken to the cathedral by the clergy and looked over the ground, and the ladies at once inspected their future scene of labor. Later the Bishop was taken to drive and had a good look at the city. He expressed himself as greatly pleased. He said that after years spent in San Diego he was prepared for some tropical beauty but he had found the city even more beautiful than he had expected. He said he had been in touch with the churchmen here and had received the most cordial welcome. He could not speak of the future, as the problems would be taken up as they were presented. He intimated that he would serve as the rector at the cathedral for the present, at least. The deaconess who comes with him will be employed in visiting and teaching. The Bishop expressed his hope that there would be good work done for the church, and that everything would continue entirely harmonious in the future.

He will begin his ministrations tomorrow. There will be a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7 o'clock, a sermon by the Bishop at 11 o'clock and the Bishop will preach in the evening at St. Clement's church. In the evening the sermon at St. Andrew's cathedral will be delivered by the Rev. Arthur Evans, of the Church of the Ascension, Los Angeles.

Sugar Beet Alcohol.

SAN JOSE, July 26.—A new industry, that of making alcohol from sugar-beet refuse, will be added to the resources of Santa Clara county the coming week. A plant has been erected and its output will be worth \$100,000 per month. The alcohol tests 96 per cent.

Company D—Easton, 35; Ludwig, 40; Reinhardt, 39; Melne, 41; Todd, 38; Herling, 40; Fetter, 34; Ludloff, 34; total 304.

Hilo Gun Club—Rockey, 33; Smith, 41; Decker, 38; Alden, 42; Hitchcock, 39; Ray, 33; Richards, 41; Guier, 43; total 310.

PORTO RICAN FOUND DROWNED.

A Porto Rican aged about forty years and residing on Amahu road was found drowned in a ditch on that thoroughfare early Tuesday morning. It is said that the man has been ill for some time and has been drinking a great deal. From this it is thought that he was under the influence of liquor on Monday night and pitched headlong into the ditch and was unable to get out. An empty wine bottle was found at his side. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

NEWS NOTES.

R. W. Jones has been succeeded as manager of Humuhu Ranch by Sam Parker, Jr.

A Japanese woman at Keauau gave birth to triplets, boys, on Tuesday.

W. O. Smith and C. W. Ashford of Honolulu were in the city this week.

The furniture and furnishings of the Hilo Hotel have been offered for sale. F. W. Carter, manager of the Parker Ranch, is in the city. He contemplates a trip to the coast soon.

Palmer Woods is temporarily filling the office of deputy sheriff in North Kohala. Pulua, having resigned, Charles Stillman will probably get the permanent appointment.

Hamakua cane is looking exceedingly fine and if nothing hinders its present growth, 1903 crop will be an unusually large one.

A race between a Walmea horse and a horse from Pauahau for a purse of \$400, results in favor of Walmea. Fully \$1,000 exchanged hands on this race which was held in the main street of Honokaa.

In the matter of the estate of John-Nickens, P. Peck has been appointed administrator.

DANGLING CORPSE

Remains of Suicide Found on Maui.

MAUI, Aug. 9.—Friday, the 8th, as two vaqueros, Charles Ake and Joe Francis, were riding slowly along through one of the Makawao pastures of Haleakala Ranch, something strange dangling from the limb of a small kukui tree attracted their attention. On closer examination it proved to be the body of a man in an advanced state of decomposition. It must have been blown to and fro by the trade winds for weeks or months, for upon being lowered by Deputy Sheriff S. E. Kalamana, who was hastily summoned by the men, the finger-bones dropped from the hands and it was evident that only the shell of a human body still remained.

Nothing to identify the deceased was found except a plain, unmarked handkerchief. The man was evidently a Japanese, for he had a kimono wrapped about him outside his white shirt and white trousers and the rope that usually fastens the kimono around the waist had been used for the hanging.

No mystery surrounds the event; it was only that an unknown Japanese for some reason of his own committed suicide by hanging himself in a little gulch about two miles mauka of the Brewer place, in Makawao.

Last evening a coroner's jury composed of A. F. Tavares, M. A. Tavares, Geo. Wilbur, J. Kauna, John Plunkett and Kaunamunui viewed the body and the scene of the suicide and will hold a meeting to decide upon a verdict some day next week.

BRIGHT ON CORN.

The young corn in Kula is all being ruined by a blight. The corn planted in February, March and the first half of April is strong and vigorous, but all planted since the middle of April is being blackened and killed. Some of the farmers state that a little green insect is the cause of the trouble. D. L. Van Dine of the experimental station is in Kula investigating the blight.

Kula farmers should be especially interested in learning that Commissioner of Agriculture Wray Taylor is soon to receive 800 bushels of various kinds of white potatoes for free distribution to applicants.

STRAYS.

The steamer Nevada left Kahului Wednesday, the 10th. By this steamer R. W. Filler of the Kahului R. R. Co., and H. W. Baldwin departed for the mainland and J. B. Castle for Honolulu. The vessel carried away about 2400 bags of Maui sugar.

Wednesday morning, the 6th, the steamer Maui arrived at Kahului filled with passengers and freight. Many of the passengers had to sleep on the decks and on the cabin floor.

"Bob" Ballentine came to Kahului on the steamer Maui bringing with him his well known race horses, Amario and Mollie Connors. Nine Honolulu racers in all were landed including the runner, Rosalba, and the trotter, Dusty Roads.

The two mammoth oil tanks of the Union Oil Co., of California, which have been recently constructed near the beach at Kahului mauka of Wilder & Co.'s office, make imposing landmarks.

Monday evening, the 4th, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Nicoll of Hamakuaopoko gave a party in compliment to Miss Agnes Fleming who has recently graduated from the Portland High School and to Mr. John Fleming of Honolulu. Twenty-five or thirty young people of Makawao district much enjoyed the various games and especially the pleasing recitations given by Miss Fleming.

Judge Lyle A. Dickey is taking a vacation at his old home in Haiku.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Beadle of Kamehameha School are visiting in Wailuku.

Mrs. D. H. Davis of Honolulu is with her parents—Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Kirkland of Kahului.

This morning, the 9th, Prince Cupid arrived in Wailuku per steamer Mauna Loa.

Miss L. Adams of Honolulu is at Pau-malei, Makawao.

Friday afternoon, the 8th, the fourth birthday of Dorothy Lindsay was celebrated by a party at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Lindsey of Paia. Quite a number of her little friends had a good time as well as Dorothy herself.

Postal Inspector G. W. Carr spent several days of the latter parts of the week in Hana. He is expected in Makawao today.

W. E. Beckwith of Kula is at Wailuku, Oahu.

Normal Instructor C. W. Baldwin is at his Haiku home for ten days or more.

S. R. Dowdle of Kakawao is teaching music at the Summer School in Honolulu.

Dr. P. Frear, the Honolulu dentist, is at Puunene.

The afternoon of the 5th the Makawao Ladies' Aid Society met at the residence of Mrs. D. C. Lindsey, Paia. Weather: Dry except for a few very light showers.

FROM THE MAUI PAPER.

WAILUKU, Maui, August 9.—The Republican District Convention for the third district, comprising Maui, Molokai and Lanai islands, was held here yesterday, for the purpose of organization. Hon. H. P. Baldwin was chosen as temporary chairman and George Cooper, secretary. Following the presentation of credentials by the delegates the permanent organization was effected, with the election of W. F. Pogue as chairman; H. H. Baldwin, vice chairman; A. N. Kepoikai, secretary; W. O. Aiken, treasurer. An executive committee was then appointed by the chairman, consisting of the following: D.

There is Happiness in Vigorous Health



Don't you want to feel the glow of new-born life in your blood and nerves, to feel the building spirit of youth again? Don't you want to have a strong heart, courage, strength, ambition, energy, grit and endurance? Don't you want to be rid of the "come and go" pains, the Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Varicose, Weak Back and the many other troubles that make life miserable? Then try

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

It gives lasting strength. Its cures are permanent, forever. Its touch is the touch of magnetism; it creates in a weakened body new life, strength, energy, courage, happiness and long life. It is Nature's Greatest Restorer, applied gently while you sleep. It will transform your weakened, pain-racked body into a paradise of health. Try it, you weak, debilitated man, you poor, weary and disheartened woman; feel the life blood warming your heart, the fire in your blood and the steel in your nerves. Let it cure you.

THE BEST ARGUMENT WHICH CAN BE OFFERED IN PRAISE OF A CURATIVE REMEDY IS THE WORD OF ONE WHO HAS TRIED IT AND SAYS, "IT CURED ME." HERE IS ONE OF 50,000 AND THE EVIDENCE OF THE OTHERS IS ON FILE AT MY OFFICE FOR ALL WHO ARE INTERESTED.

FREE TEST—I will be glad to give you a free test if you will call. Or I will send you my little book, with full information, sealed, free, if you will send this ad.

Dr. M. E. McLaughlin, 905 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

Never sold by Agents or Drug Stores.

Try a Pair of Patent Colt-Skin Oxford Ties

They are very patty in appearance and the latest in style. They are new with us, but claimed by the makers to be better wearing than any other leather and more comfortable.

\$4.50 buys a pair

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited 1057 FORT STREET.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE. Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1894.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1½d, 2s 6d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. Davy. 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

THE Steel Giant Grubber



Which has proved so successful in clearing land of lantana was introduced by the PACIFIC HARDWARE COMPANY, LIMITED, a little more than a year ago and has the endorsement of those who have used it.

The several invoices of Grubbers already received have been disposed of so promptly on arrival that they have not been advertised.

A few of the No. 2 size are now in stock and a supply of No. 1 are expected at an early date.

Any one interested in freeing his land of lantana should correspond with the

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd. Fort Street, Honolulu.

TUMBLE BUG IN NEW ROLE

Imported Here to Kill the Horn Fly.

With the humble, Tumble Bug the breeders of cattle in these islands hope to eradicate the Horn Fly, which is so destructive to animals of all kinds. After some hard work by Prof. Koehne and especially through the efforts and suggestions of R. L. C. Perkins, who has the work here in charge, specimens of the terror are now here and very soon will be ready for distribution among the ranches.

The work of combating the Horn Fly was undertaken some months ago by the youngest of local organizations, having for its purpose the bettering of conditions for the men of this industry, the Hawaiian Live Stock Breeders' Association. Reports from all over the islands showed that the Horn Fly was rapidly spreading, it having this year shown up on Hawaii in great numbers, and its ravages were even more terrible. Investigations showed that there were many cattle which suffered so from the fly that great bare spots appeared on the skin and the constant worry and pain kept them from getting fat.

Secretary Albert F. Judd took up the matter with Prof. Perkins and that official moved with alacrity. He was anxious that there be given time to find a bug which would kill the fly, so as to not bring in any more experimental birds. Finally the Tumble Bug was secured by Prof. Koehne in Mexico, and now after two trials the specimens have been received in good shape and investigation yesterday showed that the bugs which came in the Alameda and were turned loose the same day are alive and active.

The Horn Fly lays its eggs in offal and the Tumble Bug, never eating any vegetation but living upon the same refuse, prevents the eggs from hatching. An additional supply of the bugs is on the way and the ones now here are planted at the home of Secretary Judd, and after inspection and study by Prof. Perkins will be distributed from that point. The men interested in cattle, who are cognizant of the work going on believe that the success of the experiments will be one of the notable achievements of the year, and as an opening victory for the year Association will put in where its future must attract the attention of every stock man in the Territory.

The results of the experiments will be closed, watched by Secretary Judd and he will read a paper upon them at the next meeting of the Association.

SCHOLARSHIPS FOR HAWAIIANS

Governor Dole Is Notified of Cecil Rhodes Oxford Uni- versity Offer.

Governor Dole has received from Hon. John Hay, Secretary of State, a letter in which is enclosed also a communication, in regard to the Oxford scholarships which are offered free under the terms of the will of the late Cecil Rhodes. The enclosed communication is from Boucher F. Hawksley of London, England, one of the trustees under the will, and gives details of the proposed gift.

Governor Dole is notified that the Territory of Hawaii will have an opportunity of sending two scholars to the University under the terms of the will and a competition will probably be arranged here for candidates wishing to avail themselves of the offer. The communications from Secretary Hay and of Mr. Hawksley will both be referred by the Governor to Superintendent of Public Instruction A. T. Atkinson, and he will be expected to devise ways and means by which Hawaii's candidates can be selected. Mr. Hawksley in his letter says that the trustees wish to secure the opinion of the leading educators in the United States in regard to the method of selecting students to enter Oxford and to ascertain the best possible mode of giving practical effect to the scholarship trust.

While of course no plan can be decided upon in Hawaii as regards who will be sent from here, competitive examinations will be held if that method meets the wishes of the trustees under the will. Nothing will be done here until after a thorough investigation by the Department of Public Instruction and the plans thus decided upon will be sent back to Secretary Hay for transmission to Mr. Hawksley.

In referring to qualifications of students the will suggests that "regard be had for (1) literary and scholastic attainments; (2) fondness of and success in mainly outdoor sports; (3) qualities of manhood, truth, courage, devotion to duty, sympathy for them, protection of the weak, kindness, unselfishness and fellowship; and (4) his exhibition during school days of moral force of character and of instincts to lead and to take an interest in his schoolmates."

Porto Ricans Aliens.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Commissioner Sargent of the Immigration Bureau, with approval of Secretary Shaw, has issued a circular prohibiting the coming to the United States of residents and natives of Porto Rico and the Philippines, except after the same examination as is enforced against other alien immigrants.

An artist's model created a sensation in New York by appearing on the street in a bathing costume.

LITTLE WANTED DELEGATESHIP

He Comes With Emil Ney to Feel the Public Pulse.

When Judge Sm— Little returns to Hilo, which he is expected to do this afternoon in the Claudine, according to his letter, he will not feel so good but he will know more. With Judge Sm— Little came down from the Hilo City his friend Achates, Emil Ney, who made such a fine record as ham-buffet to Judge Gear, that the invaluable political assistant was loaned to Judge Sm— Little.

As soon as the jurist and the jury manager arrived in the city Saturday there was a lot of talk about the second party to the agreement to furnish to the Republican party a candidate for the upcoming election. On the way there were many stops. Sometimes the business ahead of the attack was so important that he could not stop his carriage to ask what was the outlook for his candidate, and in one instance he pulled across the chasm between his carriage and a moving brother politician. "Can Judge Sm— Little have the nomination for Delegate?" and with his head out the door, heard wailed back at the local leader did not stop his horse. "No. Go back home. Drive on. Punter."

But Ney, descendant of a long line of soldiers, was not content with this touch upon the pulse of the people. He went further and, according to his story, he fared worse, for yesterday he hunted up one of his old friends and told a tale of woe something like this: "I've been all around and seen all the heavyweights, such as Judge Gear, and George Davis and Judge Humphreys, and I have told Judge Little that he had better go back home as soon as he can and go on with his knitting, and let the delegateship alone. We came up for the purpose of giving the people here a chance to see that we were the choice of the Hawaii Republicans and we wanted to find out just what chance we had for the delegateship. But I find that it is no use, we cannot get it; and I believe Judge Little will go home at once."

YANKEE SKIPPER WAS FOOLED

He Wanted to Do Some Work With Revolver Real Badly.

Captain McClure, of the ship Fort George, which made such a long passage from Honolulu, was out in South Australia at the same time as a certain Yankee skipper who was recently in this port.

According to the story the Yankee skipper visited Adelaide, South Australia, and was met at Port Adelaide by the American consul, Mr. Chas. A. Murphy. Murphy and the skipper went in to the bar to get a drink. They were waited on by a pretty barmaid and without any ado the captain "went a courting." He asked the girl to marry him, and a couple of days later the knot was tied. The Port Adelaide waterfront thought the affair a great joke, and sent the particulars of the hasty wedding to an American newspaper man who was conducting a small newspaper in Adelaide. An article appeared in this paper roasting the skipper and making the captain's romance out as "courtship, engaged and married in two days."

This struck the skipper's eye and he started at once from the port to Adelaide, a distance of seven miles. He called upon Consul Murphy, exhibited a copy of the weekly paper and a revolver, and told him that he was going to shoot the Yankee editor.

When the captain left the consul's office that official hastily telephoned to the editor warning him of what was to come. The editor was in his private office but immediately went to his manager, told all employees that he must not be referred to during the day, and peeling off his coat, started working at the business office counter the same as any clerk he employed would. Shortly thereafter he entered.

"Where's that Yankee editor? Unless you want to get hurt you better send him along about as quick as a gale of wind," shouted the irate man of the sea.

The wily editor announced that he was the "editor's secretary," and he invited the captain to step into the editor's private office. Once inside the sanctum the "secretary" was all smiles and very sorry that the "editor" had not come down to the office yet. He asked the skipper to make himself at home and he, the "secretary," started on his regular editorial work.

For eight solid hours the "secretary" entertained the old sea dog with newspaper yarns and talks about America, saying that he had once "been there himself." The captain seemed to like the "secretary" and confided to him that he had a big "Smith & Wesson" which he would show the editor as soon as he arrived.

When closing time came the "secretary" said: "Well, skipper, I'm afraid our editor's off on a jamboree and may not put in an appearance for a day or two."

"Well, it's too d—d bad, but I guess that drink has saved his skin. Come 'n have one on me."

They meandered into a bar.

"Well," said the skipper, "here's hoping the poor cuss never crosses my track."

The real Yankee editor drank his silence, but with a smile lurking about his lips.

The captain's ship sailed early the next morning. The consul and the editor had a laugh over their "bunchers"—the Australian word for "schooners"—and that ended the incident.

Goes to Navy Department

E. W. Estep, for many years past the principal of schools at Honolulu, Hawaii, and now on his way to his old home in Indiana, has been certified by the Civil Service Commission for appointment to a clerkship in the Navy Department at Washington. He took the examination here in July, 1901, and made a grade that placed him at the head of the eligible list for Hawaii, and thus gets the first position in the departmental service from this Territory.

WILCOX HAS SOME BRAND NEW FAKES

Says City and County Government Would Give Hawaii U. S. Sen- ators and Representative.

WILCOX, Cayless, Kalauekani, senior and junior, Moses Nakua, and Josephine, a group which hung Wilcoxisms about with ready tongues last night in the air of Liliuokalani's premises in Kapalama. All appealed to the natives to vote for the Home Rule ticket as being their only road to salvation, and each appealed in his own familiar way for the county bill without which the country would go to ruin. County government, they said, meant Hawaii's admission into the union of States with two senators and one representative in Congress. Wilcox said, with the utmost ease, that Arizona, Oklahoma and New Mexico were soon to have county governments, and that this would give each of them two senators and a representative. Hawaii should follow suit and she too would enjoy the same privileges. One of the sensations of the evening was the appearance of Moses Nakua, who has recently been connected with the Republican party and who is identified with a large number of evangelical movements and with the Hawaiian Board of Missions, who said in the loudest voice he could command that the "missionaries were d—d fools."

Another point which all the speakers tried to impress on the audience, was that whenever the Republicans or Democrats should approach them with money before election, they should take it and promise to vote for them, but when election day came they must put their ballots in the box for Wilcox and the Home Rulers.

The meeting was largely attended, although Nakua, who did not suspect the presence of reporters, said that if anybody asked how many were at the meeting to tell them that there were not more than a dozen auditors, so that the other parties would not know they had any strength in the district.

Wilcox was the last speaker of the evening and he finished shortly after 11 o'clock. He began by referring to the time thirteen years ago when he and many others met in the same lot, shouldered guns and marched to the palace to fight for their rights and against the enemy, which he said was the same today as then—the same enemy "that is trying to pull you down and Wilcox down." He said it was a mistake for the natives to run to the Republican party for they would only be there to be spit at. The "enemy," he tried to kill Wilcox, had sent him to the "reef" but they could not get rid of him.

"The natives have praised me higher than the king," said Wilcox drawing himself up and trying to look the part. "Why? Because I did the right thing for the country and people. The people have not made up their minds to let me alone. When they try to run Wilcox down it is to run the people down. That is their meaning. They are trying to take the natives into their hands that are blind and send a delegate to Washington who will take our votes from us. They want a delegate they can hook by the nose and lead about like a cow in a rice field. We must win at the ballot box so that we can rule here. If we don't get a two-thirds majority in the Senate this time and fail to get county government, why the people in the United States will lay the blame on us and say that we are not capable of self-government. Dole wants to run the government by himself—that's the reason they don't want county government. If we have county government they cannot run the Rapid Transit all over the city as they are doing. Who are the owners of the Rapid Transit? The very people who are ruling you. Don't believe the Republicans here. They are not the same as the Republicans on the mainland—they are Dole Republicans, and they are trying to run you down. Their newspapers do not have so much to say about me now? Why? Because they are up against it. When it comes election day take their money, because they have it to burn; put it in your pockets and then vote the Home Rule ticket."

"Ten years from now the country will be filled up with whites and few of our skin will be left, so now is the time to get in county government. Last time the legislature was in session I was not here. They said bribes had been taken. The man who said one of us took a bribe is the man who took it. This time I will be here to watch and see if anybody has a bribe in his hand, but I believe we will pick out men who will not take bribes but who will try to do the right thing. I am soon going around the islands to place men on the ticket and if they are going to put on a man that I don't think is right I will whisper in their ears. If we have seven senators Dole will be there as a statue, with nothing to say. When the county bill passes, Dole will be there only to suffer."

"I was sick in Washington for three months but God was not ready for me. He knew I was doing the right thing for the people, and if I was taken away the nation would be blind. They are trying now all they can to have me dead but God says No."

"The reason they are down on me is because I want to have the land divided up for the Hawaiians, and in a few weeks there will be a committee from Congress here to look into the matter. Kamehameha's land was left for the one holding the crown, and they took it from the Queen. They all say that Wilcox has no aloha for the Queen. Have I not? I went to Diamond Head to put her back on the throne. The Advertiser saying I have no aloha for her, tells a lie. Wilcox put all the bills in Congress relating to Hawaii. I was sick for a long time and was not going to be bothered with little fine claims."

Wilcox rambled over the same ground as before, calling on the natives to

vote for him and all Home Rulers and by doing so and making county government a certainty they would all be rich and could vote for all the officers in the territory and have a finger in the pudding.

Kalauekani, Jr., made some remarkable and picturesque statements. He said that America was first governed by the Home Rule party, not Republicans and Democrats. There was really only one party in the United States now—the Home Rule party. If it were not for the Home Rule party in the United States there would be no Democrats or Republican parties. County and municipal government in the United States was created by the Home Rulers. The Home Rule party in Hawaii was the same as in the United States. When Porto Rico was taken over by the United States a Home Rule party was organized and the same thing took place in the Philippines. Attorney-General Knox had said to Wilcox, "Why don't the Republicans and Democrats help the Home Rulers along in Hawaii?" said Kalauekani, "opio. The chairman of a committee whom the speaker forgot to mention by name, had said if Wilcox brought in a municipal and county bill he would not recognize the Republicans or Democrats as they were only robbers and thieves."

Moses Nakua said he had been a Republican for two years. The reason he left the party was because his son (Fred Beckley) "had fired a bullet at the Republican party and they got satisfaction out of him by firing him out of office." He then went into Hawaiian history of the past thirteen years, asking if it was the Home Rulers who had required the king to sign a new constitution, overthrown the Queen, secured annexation, etc. He answered in the negative. He said it was all the "missionary party."

"They tried for annexation, and they got it," he said. "They said we would all have plenty of money. But have we got it? No. Then they did not want annexation and then they tried to take away our votes. They are the biggest damn-fools out, these missionaries. I wonder if any newspaper man is around here tonight, anyhow, do not tell anybody there was a big meeting; just say there were about a dozen around, that's all."

Kalauekani regretted that the author of the "kill the snake" motto was not alive to be present at the meeting. He said the annexationist have promised to let them shovel money because it would be so plentiful, but they were only shovelling muck. He announced that on August 16 a meeting would be held in Lahaina to pick out the senators and representatives, when they returned there would be a big meeting here and then they would take in Kaula again.

Cayless talked county and municipal government and abused Governor Dole and made some statements as to what he had heard the Governor say in Washington and his alleged repudiation of them. He said the cry against Wilcox did not mean the delegate, but that it meant the people, the people that he, Cayless, so dearly loved after a four years' residence here. Cayless derided Commissioner Pratt of the Chamber of Commerce for his attempts to secure the passage of the fire claims bill. He said that in a conference given Wilcox and Cayless by the United States Treasurer at Washington, the latter said that if he could not help Wilcox with his fire claims bill he would not help anybody else. To him these things went to show that Wilcox was a big man in Congress.

He said there was one way to "fire" Governor Dole out of office, or practically leave him nothing but his title and salary, and that was for the Hawaiians to vote the Home Rule ticket. By doing so they would take away every official appointed by him, and appoint them themselves. Then they would make the Governor take off his hat to them, while they kept theirs on.

LIVELY SPORTS LEFT FOR MAUI

The Steamer Nazeu Has a Big Crowd of Enthusiasts on Board.

"Hi there! Shift Deacon Tenta over on the other side of your boat will keel over!"

"Don't let Mamma's Baby fall overboard."

"Don't lose Mr. Brown's dog."

"All aboard!"

A shout rent the air. Three whistles were screamed. The ropes were loosed from the wharf and the steamer Nazeu left the dock.

There's a ham with a rope tied to it in a box in the cabin there, and Brooks will show you how to use it for sea-sickness after you get to sea," shouted a man on the wharf. "Some friends of Chillingworth have sent it to him."

It was an assembly of business men—sports—under the guidance of Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth bound for Maalea Bay to see the Maui races and root for the Honolulu Athletic Club's baseball team in a match against the Maui boys.

The party left Brewer's wharf at 6 o'clock last night on the steamer Nazeu. There was a big crowd to see the boys off. From general indications the party will have a merry trip across. The baseball team is as follows: A. R. Cunha, c.; B. Joy, p.; P. Gleason, 1b.; J. A. Thompson, 2b.; S. Leslie, 3b.; J. Williams, ss.; J. Hansmann, if.; J. Aylett, cf.; A. Lewis, rf. Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth's party included: F. M. Brooks, Lorrin Andrews, F. E. Thompson, J. H. McDonough, Mr. Waldmeyer, Geo. Macy, Eugene Devauchelle, F. K. Makino, Fred West, Guy Livingston, H. Roth, J. S. McCrosson, R. W. Breckons, newspaper reporters and others.

As the steamer left the jolly crowd on board piled up on the bridge and amidst the waving of hats nearly a half hundred male voices broke out with the pretty Hawaiian song "Aloha Oe," which was later taken up by the party on shore.

The Nazeu should have reached Maalea Bay about 3 o'clock this morning and from there the party will go across to Kahului, reaching that place in time for the races and the ball game. The party will leave Maalea about 11:30 tonight and reach Honolulu early Wednesday morning.

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TO ENJOY COLLECTION

Income Tax Law In United States Court.

Suit to enjoin the collection of the income tax for 1903 was begun yesterday in the United States Court. Thos. Fitch, representing the following plaintiffs, made the application to Judge Beebe for an injunction against Treasurer Wright and Collector Hatten:

W. C. Peacock & Co., Ltd.; Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd.; Lewis & Co., Ltd.; Honolulu Brewing and Malting Co., Ltd.; The Hollister Drug Co., Ltd.; M. B. Grinbaum & Co., Ltd.; Kesh Co., Ltd.; The Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Ltd.; W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd.; Wall, Nichols & Co., Ltd.; Bulletin Publishing Co., Ltd.; Lee Toms & Co., Ltd.; Oahu Carriage Mfg. Co., Ltd.; Wing Wo Chan & Co.; Pacific Land and Improvement Co.; Yee Wo Chan Co.; Wing Wo Tai & Co.; Kwong Yuen Hong Co.; Greenwood, Richardson & Holloway, Ltd.; all of the foregoing being corporations under the laws of Hawaii Territory; S. Roth & Co.; E. A. McNerny; M. McNerny; James J. McNerny; Edward N. McNerny, as trustee for Ella McNerny; Clinton B. Hutchins; L. B. Kerr; George W. Smith; F. J. Church; Edgar L. Lewis; H. T. Lewis; F. M. Lewis; A. Hocking; J. J. Williams; H. F. Wichman; J. H. Schnack; Aug. E. Dreier; A. Gantenberg; E. W. Jordan; E. R. Bath; F. J. Wilhelm; W. W. Dimond; James Steiner; Emmett May; A. V. Gaur; James L. McLean; Thos. E. Wall; Fred Philp; Fred Harrison; W. C. Peacock; W. H. McNerny; J. C. Rothwell; E. B. Cunha; T. G. Farle; Yim Quon; W. B. Knapp; David Dayton; Wing Wo Kwai; M. Phillips; Mrs. S. Phillips; M. Green; S. Lesser; William Green; Theo. Wolf; and all others similarly situated, having a common and general interest in the subject matter of this action, who may by leave of the Court be joined as parties plaintiff herein, complainants.

The attack in the United States Court is upon a different line than was pursued in the Supreme Court a year ago. The plaintiffs will it is said rely upon the theory of double taxation; contending that though States may levy such a tax, Territories have no more power than is given by Congress and the constitution. The United States Supreme Court, it is said, has decided that Congress had no power to levy tax upon incomes, and a Territorial legislature can have no more authority than the body from which it derives its life.

The petition filed yesterday is on behalf of J. G. Rothwell and the other plaintiffs named above; it being set out that they are corporations and residents of the Territory, and that W. H. Wright is Treasurer and J. W. Pratt, assessor, both charged with the collection of the income tax under Act 20, enacted by the legislature of the Territory, session of 1901.

It is further set out that at the time of the enactment of the law it was unconstitutional, being also in violation of the Organic Act. It is alleged also that Rothwell returned \$1950 as income in 1901, which was derived from property which has been otherwise assessed. The gross income of the petitioners is \$2,147,000, and the income tax on that amount amounts to \$8056.88. The injunction is asked because the complainants fear that if they pay their tax to the Territory they cannot get it back, because it would have been paid out, the expenditures of the Territory being largely in excess of the receipts.

BIG CATCH OF FISH ON KAUAI

Attorney W. S. Fleming, who returned from Kauai a few days ago, brings the report of a monster catch of fish, which is still the topic of the hour among the natives of the Garden Isle.

The remarkable catch was made by a number of Chinese off Waimea, Kauai, early last week, and the haul was over three and a half tons.

Most of the fish taken were "halau," though three or four sharks and fish of a dozen other varieties were also hauled up. The fish filled about 75 Chinese baskets, each holding over 100 pounds, and for several days the fish market was totally demoralized. Many of the fish were salted and packed away for future use.

Telegraph Notes.

Mrs. John W. Mackay is prostrated because of her husband's death.

Generals Botha, Delarey and De Wet are to meet King Edward.

W. J. Bryan has denounced Morgan as the most dangerous man in the United States.

A Vienna professor, who is exploring Palestine, claims to have discovered the temple of Solomon.

The Cuban cabinet has leased the arsenal grounds which the United States wanted for a naval station.

Lieutenant Colonel Davis has invented an armor plate which it is believed will resist any projectile. It is electrically treated.

General Jacob H. Smith, who was retired by the President for his "kill and burn" order, has been ordered to proceed to his home.

The delay in appointing an apostolic delegate to Manila is said to be due to the desire of the Vatican to please the Washington authorities.

It is charged that General Buller set the example to the Boers of the use of ambulance wagons for conveying ammunition over twenty years ago in the war of 1881.

Secret service men at New York are lying in wait for Italian anarchists expected to arrive from France, and who are said to be acting in a conspiracy to assassinate the Sultan of Turkey.

EWA PLANTATION REDUCES ITS DIVIDEND ONE-HALF

THE sensation on Broker's Row yesterday and in sugar circles generally was the announcement that beginning on August 31 next the Ewa Plantation Company dividends would be cut exactly in half. Heretofore the plantation has been paying a dividend of one per cent a month, or twenty cents a share, equal to \$50,000 per month. The new schedule cuts the dividend down to one-half of one per cent, or ten cents a share, equal to \$25,000 per month. The new arrangement was made at a director's meeting held yesterday forenoon.

The news reached the brokers early but despite the break the Ewa shares did not weaken on the boards. A prominent shareholder said yesterday, that the present prices obtained for sugar are such that the old dividend could not possibly be paid. A rise of a quarter of a cent would make matters right and the dividend of \$50,000 a month could be issued with ease. A rise of a half a cent would set everybody smiling. This gentleman did not believe that the prevailing low prices would continue, but took a hopeful view of the situation.

LIQUOR MEN WILL COMBINE TO DEFEND THEIR BUSINESS

Within the next five days a thoroughly organized Liquor Dealers' Association may be formed and officers and measures taken by it to protect its vested interests in the Territory. By the protection of its interests is meant legislative action which will insure to its business investments against the encroachments of organizations which would do entirely away with the liquor business.

It is possible that J. G. Rothwell of the firm of Peacock & Company, may be called upon to become the president of the organization and he will doubtless accept the position. The association is intended to play the defensive part against the Anti-Saloon League which the former claim is attempting to secure prohibition for the Territory by legislative action next year.

A prominent member of the liquor dealers stated yesterday that it was not the part of the liquor people to play the aggressors as a general thing, but the time had come when they felt compelled to protect themselves, and not to lay back permitting their opponents to be the only active ones.

"This organization has practically been forced upon us," said he, "and it

is time for us to defend ourselves. I am not making this statement wholly on our own account but to show that in defending our interests we are defending general commercial interests of the Territory. I state this as a fact, that if the liquor dealers are jeopardized, it will hurt many other lines of business. Business interests here are peculiarly dovetailed and I am stating only what is a fact that if one part of business is injured, it will in proportion affect other business interests."

"I know the attempt will be made by the Anti-Saloon League to force us out of business and establish prohibition laws in this Territory. As we have been in business here for twenty-five years and our investments reach out beyond the liquor business, we feel that it is our right to look out for ourselves by organized means. It has come to be a question of politics, and that being the case, we can interest ourselves in politics also. There are votes in our organization and votes can be controlled. A question of a few votes in this community will swing the pendulum one way or another. I think it is safe to say

AT THE FEDERAL CAPITAL

No Regret Over Humphreys Move.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 23.—It was stated at the Department of Justice today that Judge Humphreys' resignation from the Territorial bench had been accepted to take effect September 1. To this was added the statement that nothing had yet been heard of prospective candidates for his successor. However, it may be that there are aspirants whose papers have reached Washington ere this and now repose in the custody of President Roosevelt. The President is at Oyster Bay and Attorney General Knox is out of town so that it is impossible to learn anything of a definite character.

It was plain from what could be learned at the Department that there is great satisfaction over Judge Humphreys' resignation. He has been a thorn in the side of the administration for a long time, but it was deemed expedient to allow him to get out of the way, if possible, without any outbreak, as he was an appointee of the late President McKinley. It is impossible to say how soon President Roosevelt contemplates making an appointment, but it is altogether probable that he will wait a sufficient time to hear from the Honolulu Bar Association.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has been in town for a few days. He says he has decided to make the trip to Honolulu, as chairman of the investigating committee. He and Senators Foster, of Wash., Burton of Kan., and Blackburn of Ky., will leave San Francisco on the City of Peking, August 24. "I was averse to making the trip," said Senator Mitchell today, "but it was insisted that as long as the committee had been authorized we must make an effort to look into the situation in the islands. We shall try to do so thoroughly and impartially."

With such a committee it is certain that the Hawaiian people will be given an intelligent hearing as to different problems of legislation now before Congress.

This is the talking stage of the Congressional campaign. The political chairmen are going up and down over the country on their political travels, telling about the campaign from their view point and thus trying to create a preliminary impression favorable, each of his own cause. This year there is much less of actual politics in Washington than during Congressional campaigns heretofore, because the Republicans, under the lead of Representative Haddock, of Wisconsin, their chairman, have moved away to New York. Mr. Haddock has journeyed back and forth between New York and Needham, Wis., several times. He says the campaign this year is going to be about the easiest thing the Republicans ever had. The general view is that Mr. Haddock is right, but elections sometimes furnish surprises.

Right here in Washington Representative Griggs, of Ga., the Democratic chairman is camping. He is not so confident as Mr. Haddock, but he thinks his party is going to win and day by day he gives out short talks about what the situation is as to issues. Of course, the serious work of the campaign for both parties will come later. A good number of candidates for Congress have already been nominated over the country. The House to be elected this fall will be the largest in the history of the Republic—399 members in all, under the new apportionment adopted a year ago by Congress.

Soon the reports from a multitude of government officials, giving an account of their stewardship and indicating in the aggregate something of the prosperity of the country during the last twelve months will come pouring in. A few days ago the Interior Department sent instructions to the officials of Hawaii as to the manner of preparing their official reports covering the fiscal year just passed. These instructions touched routine matters largely, giving instructions as to the preparation of data and the like.

Collector of Customs Stackable's report has not yet been received. Treasury Customs Agent Chance stated this afternoon that he had a personal letter from Mr. Stackable a few days since. He expects a statistical report from Mr. Stackable before very long, covering the customs transactions of the islands for the last fiscal year. Acting Secretary O. L. Spaulding said this afternoon that the alleged smuggling of opium into Hawaii by certain Chinese officials had been referred to Mr. George H. Carter, for investigation. The Treasury officials profess not to know the reason why the investigation was transferred to Mr. Carter, private individual as far as the Federal Government is concerned, but they have reasons to believe that the work will be thoroughly done and that they will be informed as to the real situation. Mr. Chance states that he had a letter from Mr. Carter recently accepting the task of investigating.

There is an unusually small amount of Hawaiian work before the Interior Department at this time. Mr. Acker, the chief of the Miscellaneous division in the Interior Department, to whom all Hawaiian matters go, said today that there was nothing Hawaiian pending before the Department at this time. There is no little interest at the Department over the forthcoming coffee convention, to which Gov. Dole has appointed a delegate. The desire is strong for the development of the

coffee industry in the islands, and yet action that would set this direction in policy, would not only at the Interior Department but also at the Agricultural Department.

The great question, however, is not about the growing of coffee, but the question of the growing of coffee in the islands. The officials here know almost nothing about the nature of the alleged case, except that it is a liquid, prepared by a physician, now abroad, who is a friend of Dr. Rock at Honolulu. Dr. Rock applied in behalf of his friend for authority to bring the medicine in for duty and also to test its use in the Hawaiian sugar colony. The Treasury officials were consulted and ascertained that there exists a statute allowing the medicine to come in free. Samples of it are to be sent also to California and Louisiana, which states have a few papers. It was stated today that the medicine has not yet arrived.

The Civil Service Commission will undertake this year to hold civil service examinations in the Hawaiian Islands for places under the classified service. These examinations will be held in two cities, Hilo and Honolulu, contemporaneously, October 14 and October 21. For those who desire the public service there will be opportunity to get upon the eligible list for quite a variety of places. When one passes an examination it does not assure an appointment, but simply gives the way for an appointment. The examinations of October 14, in both cities will be for applicants for the following positions under the classified service: Apprentice, bookbinder, clerk, compositor, electrotype finisher, electrotype molder, elevator conductor, internal revenue messenger, messenger boy, press feeder, pressman, railway mail clerk, skilled laborer, stenographer, stenographer and typewriter, stenographer-typewriter, and junior translator in the Philippine service, stenographer-typewriter translator in the Philippine service, typewriter and watchman.

The examinations to be held October 21 in both cities will be for the following wide range of subjects: ad coast and geodetic survey, architectural draftsman, assistant examiner patent office, assistant photographer, bookkeeper in the Department and in the Philippine service, civil and electrical engineer, computer in the supervising architects office, copyist topographic draftsman, department assistant in the Philippine service, electrical engineer and draftsman, farmer, farmer with knowledge of irrigation, fish culturist, heating and ventilating draftsman, junior architectural draftsman, junior civil engineer, kindergarten teacher, law clerk, manual training teacher, meat inspector, mechanical and electrical engineer, observer, physician, structural steel draftsman, superintendent of construction, teacher, topographic draftsman in the land office and Departmental services, translator in the Philippine service, and trained nurse.

Acting Secretary of the Treasury O. L. Spaulding has written the collector of customs at Honolulu that so-called Japanese banglass, or agar-agar, is dutiable at 40 per cent ad valorem. The letter is written about a shipment entered at Honolulu April 26 last and assessed at 20 per cent ad valorem.

ERNEST C. WALKER.

HAWAIIAN VOLCANOES.

The United States Geological Survey Will Look Into Them.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The volcanoes are to be made the subject of a special investigation by the United States Geological Survey during the present season. For this purpose Dr. Whitman Cross, one of the geological survey, whose regular field of work has for some years been in Colorado, will spend a portion of the year among the Hawaiian group.

These islands are peculiarly adapted to studies of this nature, as the whole group is volcanic in origin and contains some of the largest island volcanoes in the world, the cones of Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea in Hawaii reaching heights of nearly 14,000 feet. The volcanic forces in the Western section of the islands seem to be extinct, but those in the eastern portion are still intensely active.

No Regrets at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The resignation of Judge A. S. Humphreys of Honolulu, Judge of the First Circuit Court, has been received and accepted by the President. At the Department of Justice today it was said that no action had been taken in the matter of the appointment of Humphreys' successor. It was with relief that Humphreys' resignation was accepted, as he had been regarded as the chief troublemaker in the Hawaiian report. It is likely the President will consider recommendations made by the Honolulu Bar Association in appointing the new Judge. The salary of the position is \$3000.

The Cable Soundings.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—It was stated at the Department of Justice today that Assistant Attorney General Russell, now in Paris investigating Panamanian titles, had charge of the correspondence relating to the laying of the Pacific cable, and that nothing would be done in the matter of soundings until his return from Paris. The United States asks the Pacific Commercial Cable Company to give a special rate to the Government, with a guaranty that the cable may be exclusively used by the Government during war and that it shall be laid only in American territory. With these conditions met the Government will give the soundings to the cable company.

A Chicago man has a plan for cheapening the cost of cattle feed one-half. The plan is to force grain to sprout quickly in a box, the young shoots to be fed to stock.

WENT TO VISIT HIS SISTER.

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington Co., Ark., U. S. A., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysentery) and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it effected, that he wrote the manufacturers a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides at Lockland, Ark., U. S. A. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Ben-son, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

COMMERCIAL TRENDS

A GAIN has there been a quiet week in the stock market, and the prices of shares all about the time have felt the effects of the dog days. There have been no actual losses in other shares than Electric, but the feeling is not so strong and the buyers are not falling over themselves to get hold of any one sugar or other investments here. This is to be expected in August, and must not be taken as any criterion, as the best of falls will follow under the weather conditions.

There seem to be fewer buyers in the market for Ewa, but the 170 shares transferred went at the same price. This promises to rule for several months yet, as there is money on hand and the outlook for the plantation is of the best. There is a little of the stock to be had at \$24.50, but no large blocks are available. Oahu paid sold to the extent of 125 shares at the old rate of \$9, but the transactions were simple realization sales, by men who wanted to get hold of cash.

The constitution of the sales of sugar shares, though there were some quotations which have been changed by the offerings of the week. The greatest of these is in Oahu, where there has been a sagging in the offerings from \$22.50 to \$20. There is no demand for the shares in the market at all.

In the miscellaneous list there were two stocks which found purchasers. These were Hawaiian Electric and Mutual Telephone. The price of Electric found a drop awaiting it, the fall being \$2.50, due simply to the inactivity in the general list rather than to any falling off in the value of the shares. Mutual Telephone sold in small lots, the price being the old one of \$10, which may be increased rather than depreciated, according to the feeling of the friends of the corporation.

The increase of the dividend in Inter-Island has had a material effect upon the stock. Its quotation is now \$100 asked, the same as the Wilder stock. The one per cent dividend is slated for three months and there is a reverse of \$50.00 in the treasury of the company. This corporation found itself in excellent shape upon the hearing of its presidency of John Ewa, and it is the general opinion that there will be such changes under the new administration of Kennedy that there will be savings especially in the operating department. The company is now working up plans for the future and there are expectations that there will be material alterations in the general system of management during the coming stock months.

The money market is slow. There is expected by the bankers little change until the cash from the new crop begins to come to town. This opinion is general and the pinch is being now felt by some of the people who in the past have never had to go to the banks for accommodation. The rates are the same, though there is apparent a finer quality of discrimination as to the security offered for loans. Thus two mortgages which have been solicited during the week past have been turned down though in ordinary times they would have found ready takers, in one case the rate of 7 per cent being thought too low by the bank, and in the other the margin of the security was not quite what was expected.

Call loans to customers are regular, the banks carrying on their usual custom in this regard. The rate is still 7 and 8 per cent. If there should be any change in the price of money the outlook is rather for an advance of rates from 7 and 8 per cent to 9 and 10 per cent.

Letters received yesterday indicate that Honolulu is attracting some attention from men and women in San Francisco, and the result is that correspondents here that a party of capitalists, it is understood, consisting of some men from New York and others from San Francisco, will leave the latter port for this city in the Korea. This party will make the tour of the islands. There have been many communications tending to this same effect recently, and it is believed that there will be a full company on the great new ship.

REAL ESTATE.

There is very little doing in real estate. The auction sales recently attempted in valley property have failed of success. The upset price put upon the Schultz property, of \$2000 an acre, was quite beyond the bidders gathered for the sale, and the piece went over. The Kerr property did not find the quality of water wanted either, and so the sale was off. There is less inquiry in the general market, though an occasional sale is made. Among this class of transactions was the sale of the Edwin Renner property in Manoa. This residence was sold to an unnamed purchaser during the week for \$1500, and the price is believed to establish a fair level for the property of the district. There may be something in the way of a more general movement in Manoa, as soon as the new water arrangements are assured, but this is a short distance off, though it is actually in prospect just now.

Ground was broken on Pacific Heights during the week for the new residence of Alexander Young. This will be made the home of Mr. and Mrs. Von Haimm, and will be one of the most perfect residences in the hills district. The site is the Paoa overlook, just below the reservoir, and is one of the best, furnishing as it does a view of Diamond Head and the eastern ocean across the low ground back of Punchbowl.

There is nothing doing in business property, the buildings going on as usual and the prospect being that there will be nothing important started before the new year.

SUGAR.

Williams, Dimond & Company, writing under date of August 1, to local correspondents, F. A. Schaefer & Company, have this to say of the sugar market:

Sugar.—No changes have since occurred in the local market or for export, prices established March 5th still being in force.

Basis—July 25th to 31st, no sales; consequently basis for 94 degrees Centrifugals in New York established by transaction recorded 21st ult. remains at 3.3775c, San Francisco, \$3.0025c.

New York Refined—No change.

London Beets—July 25th to 31st, 6s.

London Cane—July 25th to 31st, 5s. 10d. to 5s. 11d.; Fair Refining, 6s. 6d. to 6s. 7d. and 6s. 8d. to 6s. 9d. respectively. August Beets, 6s. 10d. against 9s. 3d. corresponding period last year.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.—The raw sugar market closed strong, according to latest mail advices from New York, under date of 24th ult., tone and tendency favoring sellers. Refined is in better demand. Beets, unchanged.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

List of deeds filed for record August 7, 1902:

First Party—Second Party. Class.
R. Kuulih—Jno. Paaluli D
Kamal et al.—E. A. Knudsen D
J. Finney & wf—E. V. Harrison D
S. W. Kanaokale—Lam Wo Sing D
C. S. Pasky—J. H. Panopolis D
Tam See—J. H. Schnack Rel. D
S. S. Deskey—P. M. Pond D
August 8—
W. C. Achi—Frank Rodriguez D
W. C. Achi—A. R. de Gouveia D
Ah Kai—J. A. Magoon D

August 2—Dowsett Co. Ltd. et al. to E. B. Waterhouse, D. lot 41 Puuloa lots, Ewa, Oahu; con \$1000.
Wm. C. Achi & wf to J. C. Johnson, D. lots 20 & 21 blk 6 Kaulani tract, Honolulu, Oahu; con \$150.
J. P. Makainai & wf to Mrs. E. K. Smith, D. por R. P. 1231 Kul 1179 Kaulani St., Honolulu, Oahu; con \$1500.
August 4—S. Kahoaka opio to W. H. Heers et al., D. R. P. 7986 Kul 8237 Oahu, Honolulu, Hawaii; con \$350.
J. Kukahiko & wf to Kaula (wf) et al., D. Aps 23 & 4 Kul 2427 Moakiki, Honolulu, Maui; 2 pea land & bldgs Papanui, etc., Honolulu, Maui; con \$50.
S. D. Kane & wf to Nalani Kane, D. R. P. 3319 Kanehamehiki, Kula, Maui; con \$87.
Kaukaaha (s) to Luika Liama, D. 2 acres of R. P. 776, Nuhi, Kohala, Hawaii; con \$1 etc.
J. L. Kahaku to Robert Andrews, D. 1-12 int in R. P. 1147 Kul 12, Waialeale River, Hilo, Hawaii; con \$350.
J. Forbes by Gdn. et al. to R. Andrews, D. 1-6 int in R. P. 1147 Kul 12, Waialeale River, Hilo, Hawaii; con \$899.
Kaukaaha (wf) by Gdn. et al. to R. Andrews, D. 1-6 int in R. P. 1147 Kul 12, Waialeale River, Hilo, Hawaii; con \$725.
Wm. Kinney & wf to S. Decker, D. 6 1-10 acres land Kamana road, Hilo, Hawaii; con \$2017.
W. C. Achi & wf to S. N. Castle Est. Ltd., D. por Grant 3759 Manoa, Honolulu, Oahu; con \$1000.
P. H. Burnett, Tr. & wf to F. A. Schaefer & Co., D. 1/2 int in Grant 2199 Papaki, Hamakua, Hawaii; con \$325.

The military authorities have refused to recognize the claim of Prince Poniatowski of San Francisco to a 50-years' timber and mining concession granted by the Sultan of Sulu.

IN CIRCUIT AND SUPREME COURTS.

The application for a restraining order in the case of Kosiou Kalkanahale, administratrix of the estate of J. W. Kalkanahale, to prevent S. C. Allen from selling certain real estate on foreclosure of mortgage was denied Saturday by Chief Justice Frear. The petition was presented to him after a refusal of Judge Humphreys to grant the order, an appeal having been taken, which was ineffectual because of the proposed sale of the property. It was alleged that the sale of the land would work great injury to plaintiff because possible purchasers of land would take into consideration the cloud upon the title and because of the "intense financial stringency existing in the Territory and particularly in Honolulu." It was further set out that the property would not bring \$4000 at auction, the amount due on mortgage, and there would be a further charge against the estate. The chief justice endorsed the application. "Petition presented to me and denied this 5th day of August, 1902."

COURT NOTES.

An agreement between J. C. Gillilan of San Francisco and Archibald C. Gillilan Jr. of this city has been filed conveying to the latter, son of Archibald Gillilan, an undivided one-half of the estate.

An inventory has been filed of the estate of Geo. S. Houghtaling by the appraisers, showing the estate to be worth \$1434. Oahu Sugar stock is listed by the appraisers at \$75.

An inventory has also been filed by the appraisers of the estate of Lum Tuck Joe, giving a valuation of \$8875. This is the estate in which the deceased, according to testimony, had two wives, neither of whom has made a contest for the estate.

The divorce case of Rose Endermark vs. E. Endermark was dismissed Saturday by Judge Gear. A divorce was granted in the case of Mele Panana Lutera vs. M. Lutera.

Appeals were filed from the District Court in the case of E. Hoffschlaeger & Co. vs. Yim Yon and C. Winam et al. garnishees, and in L. Dinkelspiel vs. the same defendants.

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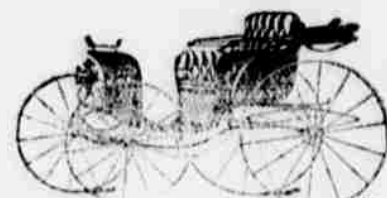
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AMERICA MARU	AUG. 23	HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 26
PEKING	SEPT. 6	CHINA	SEPT. 6
GAELIC	SEPT. 10	DORIC	SEPT. 12
HONGKONG MARU	SEPT. 18	NIPPON MARU	SEPT. 20
CHINA	SEPT. 26	KOREA	SEPT. 28
DORIC	OCT. 4	COPTIC	OCT. 7
NIPPON MARU	OCT. 14	AMERICA MARU	OCT. 14
KOREA	OCT. 22	PERKING	OCT. 22
COPTIC	OCT. 29	GAELIC	OCT. 29
AMERICA MARU	NOV. 6	HONGKONG MARU	NOV. 6
PERKING	NOV. 14		

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